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1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
3	RICHMOND DIVISION
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6	ePLUS, INC. : Civil Action No. : 3:09CV620
7	vs. :
8	LAWSON SOFTWARE, INC. : February 4, 2011
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11	COMPLETE TRANSCRIPT OF THE CONFERENCE CALL
12	BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROBERT E. PAYNE
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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15	APPEARANCES:
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PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: This is ePlus against Lawson, 3:09CV620. Starting with counsel for the plaintiff, please identify yourself and identify who you represent, and when you speak, give your name.

7 MR. MERRITT: Craig Merritt and Henry Willett in 8 Richmond for ePlus.

MR. ROBERTSON: Scott Robertson from Goodwin Procter in D.C.

MR. STRAPP: Michael Strapp from Goodwin Procter in Boston.

MR. CARR: Dabney Carr from TroutmanSanders for Lawson Software.

MR. McDONALD: Good afternoon, Your Honor. This is Dan McDonald with Will Schultz in Minneapolis for Lawson Software.

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: And good afternoon, Your Honor. Kirstin Stoll-DeBell with Merchant and Gould for Lawson Software.

THE COURT: All right. I had the great withdrawal this past week from not having had the occasion of your company, so I'm glad to know that the week now will not be a total loss since we can communicate this afternoon.

I have ePlus's motion and memo in support of leave to

serve expedited discovery, and I have the response of Lawson, and I've read them both. Mr. Robertson, it's your motion.

MR. ROBERTSON: Yes, sir. Thank you. What we've done here is tried to have some very focused discovery that should have been provided, we believe, during the discovery period that the Court allowed. We think we had interrogatories that covered this, but since we have this injunction hearing coming up, and since there's been representations made that Lawson believes it does not compete with ePlus, and competition, obviously, is going to be an important issue in the injunction hearing, we've asked for this limited discovery which we think will not be burdensome or cumbersome or onerous for Lawson to provide.

In fact, in the Court's amended final pretrial order, there was certain representations made by Lawson that we think would not be supported by the evidence should we be able to obtain it. For example -- and I'm reading from page 27 of the amended final pretrial order. For example, it says, ePlus has never lost a sale to Lawson. That's paragraph 13 on page 27 of the final pretrial order.

Most, if not all, of Lawson's marketing efforts are directed to potential customers that ePlus has not solicited. ePlus has not been harmed by Lawson's infringement. There are other representations made that they actually compete with ePlus's licensees, so what we're trying to find out, Your

Honor, is who have they solicited so we can see over the past years the overlap in the competition, and we think, based on the information we have -- it's been fairly extensive, and let me just make a couple observations.

As you know, Ken Farber was our corporate representative sitting at trial table the entire time. It was a revelation to him on a few occasions when certain customers came up that Lawson had actually solicited and obtained business from that he was competing for, and until trial, he was unaware of that, as he should have been, because you may recall that Lawson witnesses, in particular Mr. Keith Lohkamp, testified that in many instances, the companies are unaware when they respond to these RFPs who their competition is, and, in fact, if I could just point out, let me cite to this: I know we have some issues with the page citations to the transcripts, but I'm looking at trial transcript day five, I believe it is page 1,079, and it's actually the Court's question.

"The Court: Were you aware that ePlus was bidding for some component of Novant's business?

The Witness: This is Mr. Lohkamp. "I was aware of it after the fact when it was pointed out that they had been there."

Question from the Court: "This RFP process, that's often done secret, and by that I mean the person, the potential

customer doesn't always inform the bidder who all the other competition is; isn't that fair to say?

Answer: That's correct.

And that's typical, isn't it? That's typical for a lot of situations?"

You may recall that Mr. Farber took the witness stand and actually confirmed Mr. Lohkamp's testimony that it's true, they often don't know who the competition is when they bid on these RFPs, so what we want, and what we actually had asked for in discovery during, you know, the discovery phase, was who had they made offers for sale these infringing systems.

That was interrogatory number 24 which Your Honor may recall we had a dispute about, a motion to compel, and a motion to compel that the Court granted. But to this day, we still don't have information as to who all the customers are they solicited.

THE COURT: Just a minute, Mr. Robertson. The way I read their response brief, they say they did file that information in supplemental answers. Have you gone back since you read their brief to ascertain what they did file?

MR. ROBERTSON: I have, Your Honor. They are talking about these appendices A through D, and we do have -- those were supposed to be actual licensees, and we have been able to determine some overlap between actual licensees that they secured business from that we believe we've competed with or at

least we solicited --1 2 THE COURT: Actual licensees of Lawson; is that what 3 you are saying? 4 MR. ROBERTSON: Yes, sir. 5 THE COURT: All right, go ahead. 6 MR. ROBERTSON: But we don't know, for example, did 7 we go head to head with these guys on certain customers that 8 perhaps neither of us got the business but we were in 9 competition, and, you know, I'd like to be able to show that. 10 We asked for that in interrogatory number 24, that is did you ever make an offer for sale, and we didn't receive that 11 12 information. So I don't want to --13 THE COURT: If these RFPs are kept confidential and you don't know who you are competing with, how can they give 14 15 you that information? 16 MR. ROBERTSON: They can tell us who they solicited, and I can ask my client who they solicited during the relevant 17 18 time period. 19 THE COURT: So you just want a list of the names of the people that they -- from whom they solicited or from whom 20 21 they got -- or to whom they responded on RFPs or what? What is the difference between solicited and responding to an RFP? 22 23 MR. ROBERTSON: No difference, Your Honor. if they could tell us they responded to an RFP for a specific 24

customer, and then I can find out from my client whether they

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responded to an RFP for a specific customer, that would be evidence to show that there was competition in the marketplace for those customers.

THE COURT: But you're not asking them, Mr.

Robertson, to go check their records of everybody they called or sent a letter to or something like that? I mean, that includes solicited. Solicited -- if I write you a letter and say, I'd like to have a chance to meet you and bid on some of your stuff, that's solicitation. That's not the same thing as doing an RFP. I'm trying to, you see, ascertain the extent of what you're asking.

MR. ROBERTSON: I understand, sir, and let me make this representation to you: I asked my client if this was going to be difficult for them to determine, and within a matter of a few hours they said they could provide me with a list of all the companies they had pitched, whether it was responding to an RFP or whether it was just sending out information saying, hey, we have these products, these Procure+ and Content+ products that would be, you know, may be attractive to you and you would need them, and they could provide that information.

Companies keep these kinds of records so they know, you know, what companies have we approached for what business. So, I mean, if Your Honor thinks that's too onerous, I understand. I could probably live with just who are all the

companies that they ever responded to with an RFP response. 2 THE COURT: What period of time? 3 MR. ROBERTSON: Let's go back -- my client said they 4 could do it back five years and provide me with that information readily which I would turn over in discovery to the 5 defendant, and so that's the period of time I would ask. 6 7 Technically, I think the period would be six to seven years 8 given that we're asserting infringement from 2003 forward, but I'd just like to be able to show the Court that we compete with 9 10 these guys everyday in the marketplace, and representations to 11 the contrary were even refuted by evidence at trial that my client learned for the first time. 12 13 We had the Deaconess Hospital contract, and we were ousted by Lawson, and Ken Farber learned that for the first 14 15 time when he heard that testimony at trial. 16 THE COURT: All right. Mr. McDonald, are you handling this? 17 18 MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Your Honor, I'm going to. This is 19 Ms. Stoll-DeBell. 20 THE COURT: All right. 21 MS. STOLL-DeBELL: You know, we have a couple of responses to this. First of all, I think it's important to 22

point out that we produced during discovery the information
that we have regarding this issue, and so what Lawson does is
it keeps track of its customers and potential customers in a

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database run by salesforce.com, and it includes not only customers who actually purchase product from Lawson but, I think, also customers that they tried to solicit in some form or another. It's a fairly big Microsoft Excel document, and we produced it with Bates number L0345043. It includes, I don't know, tens of thousands of lines with different customers, who the contact was, what happened with it, I think all of the information that Mr. Robertson is looking for, and it was our intent to actually supplement and produce an updated version of this document on February 14th to comply with our requirement to set forth the evidence we are going to rely on at the evidentiary hearing. So, you know, I think it goes back to had Mr. Robertson picked up the phone and called us, we could have talked about this, and a motion was really unnecessary. THE COURT: Mr. Robertson, what about that? She says she's given it to you, she's identified the document, and she's going to supplement. Do you have that document? MR. ROBERTSON: Can I have the Bates number again, Ms. Stoll-DeBell? MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Yes. It's L0345043. MR. ROBERTSON: L03 -- I'm sorry. Please go slower. L0345 --

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: 043.

1 THE COURT: Now, Mr. Robertson, you know what the 2 court reporter goes through. 3 MR. ROBERTSON: Your Honor, I've been working on 4 that. I really have. 5 THE COURT: What are you doing; taking shots for it 6 or what? 7 MR. MERRITT: Judge, he's just hanging around with me 8 more. 9 MR. ROBERTSON: Let me go back and look at this 10 document, Your Honor, and if there's a supplementation, and I 11 will follow up on this. I mean, obviously there's been millions of documents produced in this. This is an Excel 12 13 spreadsheet, you say, Ms. Stoll-DeBell, that includes all of the solicitations for the infringing systems? 14 15 MS. STOLL-DeBELL: I don't know if it includes all of 16 them. It's the document that we keep, so does it include every time a Lawson sales rep picked up the phone like the Judge 17 18 said? I don't know, but it is what Lawson has. It's the record that it keeps in the ordinary course of its business. 19 20 It's got 33,000 lines in it. So I do think it is 21 comprehensive. 22 THE COURT: You see what a phone call would have 23 produced there, Mr. Robertson? That's why these rules are in place, to save everybody time, money, and effort. It seems 24 25 like that part of it may be sorted out here. Is there anything

else?

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Your Honor, our other issue is we are working on getting our evidentiary disclosure done and produced to ePlus and the Court on February 14th. They've asked for it five days early, and I think it's unnecessary, unfair, and burdensome. We will provide all of this information as required by your order on February 14th, and then ePlus will have a week to look at that and respond to it.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this: If you keep this in the ordinary course of business, this data, all you have to do is go tell -- what is it called, Sales Force, Inc.?

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Salesforce.com.

THE COURT: Tell salesforce.com to plunk its magic little button and print it out and send it to them. What's the problem with that?

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: That's true, Your Honor, but you already set up a time frame for that, and the time frame is ePlus is going to do their first disclosure on the 7th, we're going to do ours on the 14th, and then they get a chance to respond a week later.

THE COURT: Yes, I know.

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: I suppose we could send them that report, but we have a whole bunch of other stuff, and they'll have plenty of time to look at it, to respond to it, to formulate whatever rebuttal evidence they want to gather, and

there is -- you know, there's no reason to do it any earlier.

THE COURT: All right, Mr. Robertson, is there anything else that is the subject of this motion?

MR. ROBERTSON: I'd just like to confirm with Ms.

Stoll-DeBell we're focusing now on the procurement systems that are going to be part of this spreadsheet, right, the infringing systems that were found to infringe, because that's what I want to focus on so we can see if there's competition overlap. If that's the case, we'd appreciate it sooner, but the Court set a schedule, and we're willing to live by the schedule.

THE COURT: So the question is --

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: I'm going to have to look at it and see how it separates it out. I know it sort of breaks out S3 versus M3. It may have additional information.

THE COURT: Okay, hold it. Go have the conversation and see if you can solve it amongst yourselves, okay? That's what should have been done to begin with, and it sounds to me like a little discussion would have gone a long way.

Is there anything else in the motion that I need to deal with in terms of expediting it or in terms of anything that needs to be expedited? There are three things you asked for, I think you said. Is it just the competition list that you are talking about?

MR. ROBERTSON: Well, Your Honor, there's a representation that -- in the final pretrial conference that

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says, without any equivocation, that ePlus never lost a sale to Lawson, and we'd just like to know what the basis of that statement is. That was a representation made to the Court under Rule 11. THE COURT: They're going to provide that, aren't you, Ms. Stoll-DeBell? MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Yes. We're going to do that in our evidentiary disclosures on February 14th. THE COURT: I think I've already set that up. will be sufficient. Anything else? MR. ROBERTSON: No, sir. THE COURT: Well, I'm going to deny this as moot with the hope that you all can work out the disclosure. I think they are entitled to that, Ms. Stoll-DeBell. I don't have any question about it, and let's keep in mind that the jury returned a verdict of no infringement on certain systems, configurations I quess it was, and let's see if we can focus on a way to get the answers focused on the infringing products. MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Your Honor, we'll try. I mean, we have what we keep in the ordinary course of business, and I can't answer you right now if it's an easy matter to separate those out. We'll do everything that we can within the time frame that we have to try and focus it on what was found to infringe.

THE COURT: All right. You all continue your

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conversation. It looks to me like the conversation has gotten a lot of mileage so far in order to deal with the situation. Now, what's the third one? Three additional interrogatories. One of them was the competition, one of them was who they lost the sales to. Is there anything else so I don't have to do this but once? MR. ROBERTSON: There was a representation, Your Honor, in the final pretrial order that most, if not all, of Lawson's marketing efforts are directed to potential customers that ePlus has not solicited, and we wanted to know what the basis of that factual representation to the Court was in the final pretrial order. Quite frankly, I don't know how they would know that, but if they made that representation, we'd like to understand the factual basis. THE COURT: On the 14th, you file an answer to that interrogatory, Ms. Stoll-DeBell; okay? MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Okay. THE COURT: Then you'll have it all together, and if we have to adjust something, we'll just adjust it if there's a crisis, but I don't think there will be. Everything else all right? MR. ROBERTSON: Yes, sir. THE COURT: All right. So I guess -- Mr. McDonald, do you have anything, Ms. Stoll-DeBell?

MR. McDONALD: I don't have anything else, Your

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Honor. Thank you for asking.
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               MS. STOLL-DeBELL: No, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: You all take care. Thank you very much.
     Have a nice weekend.
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                (End of proceedings.)
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                I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
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     from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
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     P. E. Peterson, RPR
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